THE BEE
WASHINGTON

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Liberia Redeemed

THE AMERICAN COMMISSION IN LIBERIA

Coming of Messrs. Falkner, Scott and Salt Hailed With Delight

Beginning of a New Era for West Africa's Negro Republic—Hospitality Dispensed with Lavish Hand by Government and People—Great Work Planned by the Commission Will Bear Fruit

Graphic Pen-Pictures of Scenes and Incidents by Mr. Walter F. Walker, of the College of West Africa

Monrovia, Liberia, May 17, 1909.

Special Correspondence.

The United States Scout Crusier "Chester," bearing the American Commission, recently appointed by President Taft, anchored in the harbor of Monrovia on Saturday, May 8th, about 4 a. m. In a short while the glad news had traveled throughout the city: "The American Commission is here!" was the greeting every one heard that morning. Then came a salute from the Chester of twenty-one guns, Bang! Bang!! The Liberia guns from the fort responded Bang! Bang!! The whole Cape shook at each fire from the fort. The gunner must have put in extra powder in honor of the Commission, as many remarked that they had never heard those guns shoot so loud.

Everybody was anxious to witness the arrival of the Americans. Nearly all work was suspended and stores closed and the waterside was packed with a nervous, restless and intense crowd of people—from the river settlements, interior settlements and native towns. Everyone craned his neck each time the Customs House door opened, thinking the Commission had come ashore. This jostling, laughing, gesticulating crowd waited from 8 o'clock a. m., to 4 o'clock in the afternoon and never lost patience. The American Minister, Ernest Lyon, went aboard to confer with the Commission and arrange for their coming ashore. The hour arranged for was two o'clock, but owing to some unavoidable delay it was about 4 o'clock before the "President Benson" reached the wharf. Then there was a general "bargain counter rush" to get a glimpse of the Commissioners.

"Look out man, lemme see de Commission."

"Try hard, Brer, and lemme see dem 'merican folks."

Such expressions and numerous others that have to be heard to be appreciated were ejaculated on all sides.

ABSENCE OF BOOKER WASHINGTON REGRETTED

The Commission was disappointing in one particular—there was no Booker T. Washington! It had been circulated, upon the strength of newspaper intelligence throughout Liberia, that Dr. Washington was coming on the Commission. The whole country was "on edge" to see this world-famed man. One Americo-Liberian woman, who has not been in this country more than ten years, remarked: "Booker T. Washington is coming to Liberia. Now you'll have a chance to see a big man, for true." Although it was known for some days before the Commission arrived that Dr. Washington would not be a member, yet there were many who would not believe otherwise than that he would come. I had a very hard time trying to convince a policeman that "the culled geneman" was Mr. Scott and not Dr. Washington.

THE COMMISSION WARMLY WELCOMED

On arriving at the wharf the Commission was detained a few minutes to listen to an address of welcome by the Acting Mayor of Monrovia, on behalf of the city. Dr. R. P. Falkner, Chairman of the Commission, responded. The Youths' Orchestra Band played the Star Spangled Banner, while the Commissioners lined up for the march to the Legation. Three companies of the Liberia militia escorted the Commission, and they looked good. In fact everybody dressed particularly careful for this occasion and could not look otherwise.

The ladies of the city had prepared floral wreaths representing each of the four countries of the Republic. All concede that this was the prettiest feature of the parade. At each of these wreaths the Commission was stopped and a short speech of welcome was made by a young lady in behalf of the country represented. Each wreath was carried along with the Commission to the next until the last one at the Legation was reached. They were brought into the Legation and finally transferred to the rooms of the Commission where one decorates each room of the Commission. After only a short stay ashore they returned to the "Chester to spend the night.

PRESIDENT BARCLAY'S HIGH HOPES

Sunday morning nearly all the Commission attended divine service ashore. They took dinner afterward with the American Minister, when some had their first introduction to Mango plums, butter pears (avocardo pears) and pawpaws. Two of the Attaches, Major Ashburn and Captain Cloman, had previously met them in the Phillippines.

Monday at two o'clock, the Commission was presented to the President of the Republic, Arthur Barclay. Sentiments were here exchanged and the hope was expressed that the Commission would bring a permanent blessing to Liberia and secure her a safe and unmolested career in the future. The President said that he would place at the disposal of the Commission everything within his power to facilitate its work. The Commission was then conducted by the American Minister to inspect its headquarters while on shore. A visit was paid the Imperial German Consul, after which the Commission had lunch at the Legation and returned to the "Chester" for the night.

AT HOME ON LIBERIAN SHORE

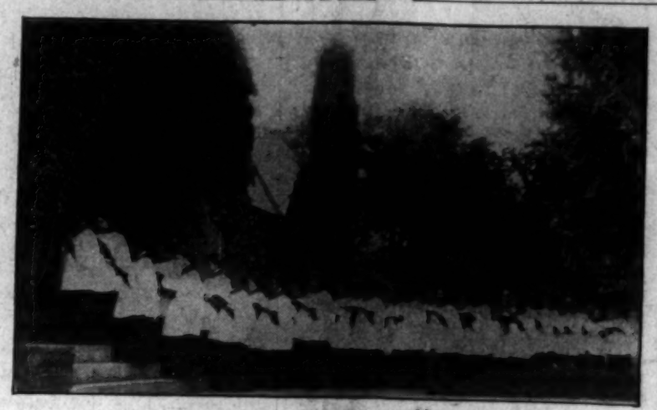
By this time these gentlemen were getting tired of the dreadful bar of the Mesurado River (which is only really dreadful to read about), but not nearly so much as the people who were getting apprehensive lest the Commission wouild spend all its time on the ship. On Tuesday a few more official calls were made and Wednesday ,the 12th, the Commission took its permanent headquarters ,on shore. On the afternoon of the same day a reception for the Commission was given by his Excellency, the President of Liberia, at the Executive Mansion. Most all of the prominent men of the city were present and had a splendid opportunity to get acquainted with the personnel of the Commission. Later in the day everybody repaired to the Parade grounds to witness a baseball game by the sailors of the United States Steamer Chester.

FINE WORKSHOP FOR THE WORKERS

The Commission's headquarters occupy a large, spacious and well-ventilated house on the northwest corner of Government Square. It is most conveniently located, and neatly and tastefully fitted up for this occasion. A committee of citizens prepared the building and turned it over to the American Minister for the use of the Commission. Everything is being done for their comfort and convenience. The only complaint is that they are given too much to eat. One of the members said that are given a regular New Orleans breakfast. Those from New Orleans will understand the allusion. Nobody has had the African fever and no one expects to get it. After all most of the terror of African fever is experienced before reaching Africa.

The Commission is now hard at work ferreting and sifting. They are determined to go to the bottom of the Liberia situation. Much of the hard work the Commission would have had to do was already accomplished before the arrival of the Commission. The Legation has been the busiest house in Monrovia, besides commercial houses, for the last three months.

Rev. Ernest Lyon, of Maryland, is in charge here, and is ably assisted by Mr. George W. Ellis, of Kansas, Secretary of Legation. The Liberian envoys whose visit to America last year made this great awakening possible—Former President Gibson, Vice President Dossen and Attorney Dunbar—are pleasing in their evidencem



HOWARD UNIVERSITY CHOIR ENTERING MEMORIAL CHAPEL THIS CITY

bar—are pleasingly in evidence and their expert knowledge of conditions on both sides of the Atlantic is of material help to all concerned.

The Commissioners are all men of ripe experience in matters of government and are thoroughly conversant with the results likely to grow out of the introduction of modern industrial training. The development of our commerce and the strengthening of our financial system. Their investigations are being conducted with the utmost care, and no stone is being left unturned that will enable them to carry back to President Taft the exact truth concerning Liberia's resources and needs. It is not doubted that their recommendations will be wise and that they will give evidence of a sincere desire to receive the deplorable situation now existing in this land.

The Commission expects to complete its work within fifteen or twenty more days. A trip will then be taken down the Liberian coast to Grand Bassa and Cape Palmas.

The American public may already be familiar with the personnel of the Commission which is as follows:

Mr. Roland P. Falkner, chairman; Messrs. Emmett J. Scott and George Sale, members; Mr. George A. Finch, secretary; Major Percy M. Ashburn, medical attache; Captain Sidney A. Cloman, military attache; Mr. Frank A. Flower, scientific attache.

Walter F. Walker.

FOR LOVE AND CHARITY

Brothers and Sisters Meet in Twenty-Third Biennial Convention

The twenty-third biennial convention of the Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity convened last week in Odd Fellows Hall. The following are the officers: John H. Lee, G. G. U. S., of New York; A. C. Caffey, G. G. D. W. S., of Montgomery, Alabama; Mrs. Alice Bray, G. G. W. U. S., of Washington, District of Columbia; Mrs. Lillie B. Williamson, G. G. R. S., of Mobile, Alabama; Mrs. Mary A. Moore, G. G. F. S., of Washigton, District of Columbia; G. M. Ba ks, G. B. W. T., Long Dale, Virginia; Willis Wyatt, G. G. D. M., Norfolk, Virginia; V. A. Carter, president of secret works, Long Dale, irginia; Thomas Minor, secretary, Richmond, irginia; Bishop J. W. Alstock, treasurer, Montgomery ,Alabama.

The fraternal delegates from Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, were Mrs. Eloise Tobin, Mobile; Mrs. Fannie M. Smith, Montgomery; Mrs. E. R. Fordan, Pearlington; Miss W. H. Walker, Pass Christian; Miss Austin S. Hannibal, Biloxi, Mississippi; Royal Jackson and Ben Jackson, of St. Rose, Louisiana. A. C. Caffey, of Montgomery, Alabama, presided. The program was given with Willis Wyatt as master of ceremonies: Scripture lesson, J. W. Laurence; prayer, Franklin White; responsive reading, W. Wyatt; grand honors, W. Wyatt and Paul Ervin, D. G. S. W., opening address, A. C. Caffey G. B. D. W. S., welcome address, Miss Annie Holmes; response, Royal Jackson, D. G. W. S., address, "Union, Friendship, and Love," the Rev. W. A. Walker, D. G. W. S., paper on the "Higher Worth of Christian Society," Miss Fannie W. Smith; paper on the "Christian Education for the Negro Race," Mrs. Eloise Tobin; address, "Gratitude," Mrs. Lillie B. Williamson. The program closed with the presentation of the keys of the hall to A. C. Caffey, G. G. D. W. S.

JUDGE STAFFORD ON THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN

From the Boston, Mass. Advocate

Before the National Conference on the Status of the American Negro held in New York City, Judge Wendel Phillips Stafford, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, had this to say on the Negro problem—

"I believe in the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. Not the brotherhood of white men, but the brotherhood of all men. I believe in the golden rule and the Declaration of Independence, and I stand by the Constitution of the United States, including the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments. That is my creed and my platform.

"The broad subject of our conference is the Negro and the nation, not the Negro and the north, not the Negro and the south, not the Negro and the white man, but the Negro and the nation. The questions it brings up are national. They cannot be settled by any one race and still less by any one section. They concern the whole country, and they must be answered by the country as a whole. If the constitution is not binding in South Carolina, it is not binding in New York. If it cannot protect the colored man, it cannot protect the white.

"If fifteen states can set aside the constitution at their pleasure; there is no constitution worth the name. If a state can nullify one clause, it can nullify the whole. If a state can, in a single congressional district, deliberately exclude three-fourths of its eligible voters from the polls on the real ground of color, and yet insist upon having them counted for the purpose of holding a seat in the national assembly, it can perpetrate a fraud on every legally constituted congressional district in the United States, and there is no security for representative government in any corner of the land.

"If any class or race can be permanently set apart from and pushed down below the rest in political and civil rights, so may any other class or race when it shall incur the displeasure of its more powerful associate, and we may say farewell at once to the principles in which we have counted for protection.

"We are confronted, not by a theory, but by a fact. That fact is the deliberate and avowed exclusion of a whole race of our fellow-citizens from their constitutional rights, accompanied by the announcement that that exclusion must and shall be permanent. It is not that the Negro is ignorant, nor that he is poor, nor that he is vicious, but that he is a Negro. Even when he is good and learned and rich, he must still be excluded because he is still a Negro. That is the proposition, and that it is which makes it the duty of all who dissent from such a doctrine to make their dissent known and make it uncompromising and clear.

"It will not do to shut our eyes to the real causes and results of the war—especially now when northern indifference and southern injustice strike hands to keep the black race in a new bondage as helpless and hopeless as the old. As a member of the white race and turning for the moment to white men, I say that our race will deserve any calamity the presence of the black race may bring. We brought it here by theft and force. We promised it liberty and we gave it a chain. We owe it light and we gave it darkness We owe it opportunity and we hedge it around with restraints. We owe it the courthouse and we give it the lynching tier.

"Shame on the race that holds in its hands the wealth of the continent, and carries in its train the accumulated culture of centuries, and yet, refusing to lift ignorance and vice to the level of enlightenment and virtue, makes that ignorance and vice an excuse for the denial of rights. Never until the white man has spent his last surplus dollar and exhausted the last faculty of his train in the effort to lift up his brother, never until then can he stand in the presence of infinite justice and complain of the ignorance and criminality of the black.

"America should not choose the great doctrine of equal rights—that immortal truth choose America. It has moulded her from the beginning; it will mould her until the end; but, if it cannot, it will cast her off with the wreckage of the past and take up some other nation that shall be found worthy."

PROFESSOR ROSCOE C BRUCE PRINCIPAL SPEAKER—SUBJECT—"MORAL EDUCATION."

A large and appreciative audience assembled in the Cosmopolitan Temple Baptist Church last night to hear addresses on education by Professor Roscoe Conkling Bruce, assistant superintendent of public schools; Dr. W. Bruce Evans the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training High School, and Dr. Simon W. P. Drew, pastor of the church.

Captain James F. Oyster, president of the Board of Education, of the District, was the guest of honor.

The following program was given.

Organ voluntary, by Professor Welling A. Adams; singing, "My Country 'Tis of Thee"; Scripture lesson, Psalm 23d; invocation, Professor W. H. Ferris; selection, pupils of Jones School; introduction of presiding officer by Rev. Dr. Drew; address by Dr. W. Bruce Evans, principal of the Armstrong Manual Training High School; reading, Mrs. Will Lilly; vocal solo, Master John T. Layton, jr., address by Professor Roscoe C. Bruce: organ solo, Miss Theresa Braxto; introduction of the speaker of the evening; vocal solo, Miss Corlence Roberts; vocal solo, Professor John T. Layton; closing remarks, presiding officer and pastor; vocal solo, Professor W. Adams; chorus, "Inflammatus."

Dr. Drew in introducing Professor W. Bruce Evans as the presiding officer of the evening, spoke of his and Professor Bruce's services to Negro education. Professor Evans thanked the citizens of the District of Columbia for their co-operation in his work.

PROGRAMME

At the hour of 8:15 p. m., the exercises began as follows:

1. Organ Voluntary, by Professor Wellington A. Adams, Choirmaster and organist of Cosmopolitan.
2. Singing, Chorus and congregation, "My Country 'Tis of Thee."
3. Scripture Lesson, Psalm 23d.
4. Invocation, by Professor W. H. Ferris, M. A. of Yale ad Harvard.
5. Selection by pupils of the Jones School, uder the direction of Miss Eva Chase, Principal.
6. Introduction of Presiding Officer by Rev. Dr S. P. W. Drew, President of the William McKinley Normal and Industrial School, of Alexander, Virginia.
7. Speech of acceptance by Dr. W. Bruce Evans, Principal of the Armstrong Manual Training High School.
8. Selection by Armstrong School Glee Club.
9. Reading by Mrs. Will Lilly.
10. Vocal solo by Master John T. Braxton, jr.
11. Organ solo by Miss Thresa Braxton, of the Second Baptist Church.
12. Selection by Armstrong School Glee Club.
13. Introduction of the Speaker of the evening.
14. Address, subject "Moral Education." Professor Roscoe Conkling Bruce, Assistant Superintendent of the public schools.
15. Vocal Solo, Miss Corlence Roberts of Cosmopolitan.
16. Address by Professor A. T. Steuart, Superintendent of the public schools.
17. Vocal solo, Professor John T. Layton, Supervisor of Music of the public schools.
18. Closing remarks by the Presiding Officer and Pastor.
19. Vocal solo by Professor W. Adams, of Cosmopolitan.
20. Chorus, "Inflammatus," under direction of Professor Adams; soloist, Miss N. Nicholson; accompanist, Miss I. B. Perry, assisted by Professor H. M. Perry, of Ebenezer Methodist Episcopal Church.

Special guest of honor, Captain James F. Oyster, Chairman of Board of Education.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM H. TAFT SENT LETTER OF REGRET

Among the most prominent citizens who sent letters of regret, were Honorable William H. Taft, President of the United States, Vice-President James S. Sherman, Speaker Joseph Joseph G. Cannon, of the House of Representatives, and Commissioner Henry B. F. MacFarland, of the District of Columbia.

MEMORIAL SERVICES TO REV. J. H. WELCH

Several hudred persons, embracing members of Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church, and others who were friends and admirers of the late pastor , Dr. Welch, assembled in the main auditorium of the church last Sunday afternoon to commemorate his memory and pay respects thereto. The exercises consisted of a series of resolutions reported by the official board of the church, through E. W. Hale, secretary, appropriate singing by the choir; a solo by Professor J. T. Layton, and the Rev. L. M. Beckett, and "timed" remarks by Revs. Sterling N. Brown, B. F. Watson, Walter H. Brooks, and the pastor of the church, Rev. I. N. Ross. Remarks certifying to the worth and high standing of the deceased were made by Messrs. E. L. Scott, George E. Brown, R.K. Washington, John Wesley Cromwell, DeWitt Wilson and the chairman of the meeting, James W. Jackson.

The following named ladies also contributed remarks: Anna E. Waddleton and Mrs. J. W. Hamilton.

These several speakers represented the various societies of the church.

One of the features of the exercises was a solo "One by One," sung by a little girl, Miss Eunice Thompson, supplemented with a chorus by the choir.

The exercises were closed by the doxology, "Praise Bod from Whom all Blessings Flow," and benediction by the Rev. B. T. Perkins.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE EXHIBIT

Work or Pupils Leads to Formation of Citizens' Association

A domestic science exhibit was given at the Bruce School on Kenyon street, northwest, Friday afternoon, the 11th inst., from 3 to 5 o'clock, under the direction of Mrs. Shaw, assistant director.

Upon the tables were spread specimens of crockery. Incidentally the teachers had arranged an exhibit of the work of pupils in the English branches in the room of the principal. Specimens of the work of the boys in the carpenter shop were also shown.

Among the school officials in attendance were Miss M. P. Shadd, supervising principal of the twelfth division and J. C. Nalle, supervising principal of the tenth division.

Following the exhibition, those interested in the school met in the room of the principal and formed a Citizens' association. The following officers were elected: J. D. Pair, president; ev. W. H. Smith, vice-president; J. W. Winters, secretary; Miss L. B. Gwathney, assistant secretary; T. Johnson, treasurer.

THE BEE

Mr. W Calvin Chase, Sr., who having assumed charge of The Bee, all patrons are requested to direct their communications to The Bee Printing Company, 1109 Eye street, northwest.

Read The Bee.

TUSK... ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskers! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens througout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deers antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formaton that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pasturage for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal before being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting Animals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Leduc, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abbattoirs He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thus killed. The docter is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and celerity.

The Shy Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—he who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant mile on his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while travelling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. "As a matter of cold fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kenia forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 187 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 2½d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London Tit-Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's is to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

WITH THE "BREAD LINE"

A Thousand Men Are Fed Every Night.

THE BOWERY MISSION

At this Place and at Fleischmann's May Be Found the Men in Actual Need—It is the Aim of These Places to Send Away No Hungry Person.

The two policemen who were standing at the corner of Canal street and the Bowery as I approached them looked me over when they saw I was about to interrupt their conversation. It was anything but a pleasant night; the coat I had borrowed for the evening was none too thick, and the old shoes I wore were not waterproof. If my abject poverty was assumed, I felt a semblance of the real thing, for I was cold and tired after tramping up and down the muddy streets for an hour.

"Where kin a feller git a cup o' coffee 'r a handout?" I asked.

One of the officers smiled affably. "Two doors up," he said, indicating one of the numerous five and ten-cent feeding places, of which there are one or two in every block in this neighborhood.

"I didn't mean that kind," I replied. "I've got to find a place where there ain't a price on the 'grub.'"

"I guess the bread line at Fleischmann's or the Bowery Mission's the only place, then, Jack," said the officer as he turned his back on me. So I slouched along to 55 Bowery, where a sign in the window, reading, "Bowery Mission—Services Every Evening," indicated that I had found the right place. I looked in the door. The big room, filled with chairs, was dimly lighted, and on the platform at the far end, a man was moving some chairs around.

"Nothin' doin' yet, bo," said a rough-looking fellow. "They don't give ye no grub until 1 o'clock."

This was disheartening, or would have been, had I really needed the food, for it was only a little after eleven. "I'm goin' up ter the bakery," the tramp continued. "Ye git yours at 12 sharp up there."

So we ambled up the Bowery to Eighth street, and from there to Tenth street and Fourth avenue. Already the waiting line extended from the rear door of the bakery around the corner to the entrance of Grace church. I dropped into the procession which in a few moments reached up Broadway to Twelfth street. I had been in the line but a short time when a clock nearby sounded for midnight. The line began to move along and the waiting men on either side of me cheered up a bit. There was very little conversation, however. Now and then some of them muttered curses, and once when a sightseeing automobile stopped at the corner the curses became quite audible.

After the line of waiting men—over 600 in number, as I ascertained—had had their bread and coffee, most of them dispersed, though a few "repeated" in order to get a second helping. A number of them hung around until they could get a chance to ask the manager of the restaurant for work. But there was no chance for any one, though the refusal was not made unpleasantly.

From the bakery I went back to the Bowery Mission.

A thousand men are fed every night at the Bowery Mission—sometimes more. It is the aim at both this place and at Fleischmann's to send no one away hungry, but just now the demand is much in excess of that usual at this time of year.

One sees at these two places the men who are in actual need of food and drink. The street beggars are in nine cases out of ten unworthy of notice. But the man or woman who doubts the distress—the real need of food among the unemployed—should spend a couple of hours at the two places I have described, and he or she will be convinced that there is no lack of opportunity for the offices of the Good Samaritan, and no excessive crowding in the ranks of helpers of unfortunate humanity.

RODERIC C. PENFIELD.

Bronze Statue of Schiller.

The bronze statue of Schiller by Hermann Matzen, which is to be erected in Cleveland by German citizens, has been completed in Berlin. The poet is seated in an arm chair. A Berlin paper is quoted as remarking apropos that "the German who goes to America becomes an American in all that the word implies, but even unto the third generation he is loyal to German poetry and German song."

Good Roads.

Out of the 900 towns in the State of New York, 600 have voted to have their roads built under the Fuller-Plank Act, or, as it is generally called, the money system. The matter is now optional with the towns, but in the opinion of persons who have given the matter considerable attention the idea of making it compulsory is favored.—Good Roads Magazine.

The Ersberg, Austria's iron mountain, will furnish ore for 1,000 more years.

SELLS HIS BLOOD AT BARGAIN RATE

Man Charges $10 to Give Up 15 Ounces of Life Fluid to Save Boy's Life.

PATIENT'S FATHER CLOSES DEAL.

Transfusion Operation is Made as Soon as the Bargain Between Buyer and Seller Was Struck—Man and Boy Eyed Each Other During Operation.

New York City.—Human blood went at bargain-counter prices in Bellevue Hospital when for $10 a guest of Mills Hotel No. 3 sold fifteen ounces of his life fluid, thereby probably saving the life of John Dennison, 15 years old, a patient suffering from malignant growth on the right leg. There was nothing heroic about the manner in which the man sold his blood. It was purely a business proposition. The Mills Hotel man needed the ten-spot and felt he could spare the blood. The father of the patient, though poor, felt he could spare the $10 in view of his son's need for the fresh blood.

Striking a bargain between buyer and seller was easy. Dennison's father went to Mills Hotel No. 3 and announced he was in the market for human blood. He explained that his son was in Bellevue Hospital and that the surgeons were anxious to transfuse the blood of a healthy person into the body of the boy.

"The doctors want a strong man who is healthy in every way," the father explained.

A guest registered as Mark Owen, who refused to tell anything further about himself, stepped forward, and remarked he would like to know more about it.

Big, broad-shouldered, with the glow of health in his cheeks, he looked as if he would pass the test of the physicians.

"I guess you'll do," said Dennison.

"How much blood do you want?" asked Owen.

"Fifteen ounces."

"How much do I get?"

"Ten dollars."

"I'm your man," and the bargain was struck. The rate was 66 2-3 cents an onuce.

Up to Bellevue Hospital marched Dennison and Owen. The surgeons examined the man who was willing to sell fifteen ounces of his blood for $10, and told him he would do. The nature of the operation then was explained to him.

He was told that the patient was suffering from what is known as sarcoma, a malignant growth. To save the boy's life it was necessary to take from his body about sixteen ounces of the impure blood and transfuse in the body about fifteen ounces of healthy fluid.

"I don't want to be chloroformed during the operation," Owen said.

"No anaesthetics will be given," replied one of the surgeons. "We'll deaden the pain by an injection of cocaine."

"Go ahead," said Owen. "I'm ready."

Dennison was placed on the operating table and Owen was laid on another table. Between the two was a narrow table upon which the boy and the man each placed an arm. The surgeons made an incision in the boy's upper arm and blood was permitted to flow from the upper part of the median vein, while the lower part was closed. In this way the boy was relieved of about sixteen ounces of his impure and unnourished blood. An incision then was made in the forearm of the man. The surgeons rapidly connected the lower ligament of the man's radial artery with the upper vein of the boy's arm, and the blood of the man began to pass into the body of the boy.

Dennison and Owen watched each other coolly throughout the operation. Not a whimper came from the boy, not a groan from the man. When the operation was over the boy's temperature showed marked improvement.

Owen was weak after the operation. He took a stimulant and then left the hospital, not forgetting, of course, to collect his $10 before leaving.

BURGLARS' GAZETTE IN RUSSIA.

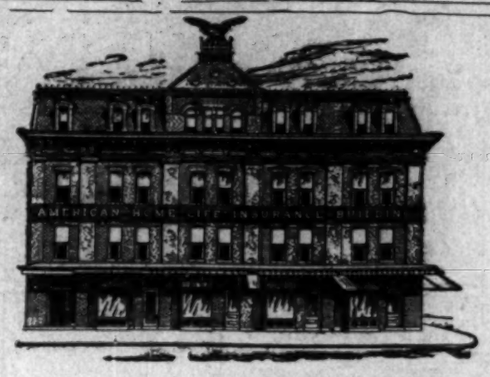
"Trades Paper" Contains All the News of the "Craft."

St. Petersburg.—A "trade paper" for burglars is now published in St. Petersburg. It is called the "Bostatska Gazette," or the "Barefooted Gazette"—the title being apparently an illusion to the stealthy ways of its readers.

The paper contains full reports of the latest thefts and burglaries, articles by experts on the art of burguary and what to avoid in pursuing it, and columns of advice and hints to help the beginner. Naturally the paper is published in strict secrecy, but the police will sooner or later discover its printing office and suppress it.

Paris Abates a Nuisance.

The Paris prefect of police has decided that in future no more licenses to play barrel organs in that city will be granted.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO $25.00 PER WEEK

WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS

PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.

AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

FIFTH and G Streets N. W. Washington, D. C

WORTH ADVERTISING FOR.

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating $3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a blanket. If a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have these Negroes — these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars — will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over thre milions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

DEATH TRAP FOR BIRDS.

Lighthouses on the Maine Coast Attract and Kill Thousands.

One of the keepers who came ashore from Boon Island recently tells the story of the strange death encountered by thousands of the migrating birds every spring. Flying along the coast at night they are instantly attracted by the powerful light from the watch tower, as moths are drawn to a candle. Thousands of these birds in their passage north fly with full force against the thick glass of the brilliantly lighted lantern. Stunned to death they fall to the rocks below or scale away for a little distance and flutter helplessly into the water. The light of morning sometimes reveals the rocks covered with the little creatures whose journey to their summer homes has met this sudden and fatal termination. Hundreds of species are found among the unfortunate little tourists. Most of them are easily recognized as belonging to the various common classes of song birds. But very often large birds of beautiful plumage come to their final resting place in this manner upon the bleak rocks, of Boon Island. On one occasion several years ago the thick glass of the lantern was shivered to atoms by the impact of some strange bird of powerful bill.—York Transcript.

Fires Started by Moths.

Moths and flames are universally connected, yet few people suspect that danger could arise therefrom. The insects are of such frail structure that generally they get destroyed before it is possible for them to inflict injury, and it is hardly creditable that the wings would ignite and retain the flames long enough to enable the moth to fly to its surroundings.

That, however, has occurred. The moth was a very large one and its wings must have been very dry, so that when it floundered through the flame it set fire to one wing and darted out to a curtain nearby which at once flared up. It is possible that many summer evening fires in the country could be attributed to a source of this kind. It is notorious that mysterious fires often arise at sunset in the hot months.—Strand Magazine.

As History Might Be Taught.

Another way of teaching history which the schools might adopt has apparently not appealed to them. A good newspaper, if the teacher knows how to interpret its daily record, may stimulate an interest in history itself. If the pupil can be taught the continuity and relation of events, an awakened interest in the daily happenings will arouse a desire to trace them back through preceding stages. It is the break in continuity between the past and the immediate present that deadens enthusiasm. By studying history backward from the immediate present this chasm would be bridged and the passion for tracing to cause stimulated.—Boston Transcript.

A High License.

Massachusetts has a town of 600 inhabitants which receives $2,670 annually from a single hotel for license to sell liquor. This is believed to be the highest license fee paid in the United States. The fee is nearly double the amount paid in Boston and other large cities.

The Fastidious Burglar.

Visitors at a Paris hotel were disagreeably surprised one morning to find that the boots they had left outside their doors had been stolen by a burglar. Only one pair was left, on which was a paper with the words: "Not good enough for me."

Value of Three Grains.

The Vienna Academy of Science has spent nearly $9,000 in working 10 tons of uranium ore for radium. The yield was three grains of pure radium, the largest amount ever secured at once, the value being $320,000.

Cure for Sleeplessness.

Sleeplessness is often caused by the head being exposed to the cold, while the rest of the body is warm. In nine cases out of ten if the head is covered with a silk handkerchief, it will induce sleep.

Worlds Population.

The population of the world is now estimated to be about 1,503,000,000. Of this number 150,000,000 are black, 600,000,000 yellow and 755,000,000 white.

Mme. Davis,

BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.

1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C

Gives Luck to All.

N. B.—No leters answered unless accompanied by stamp.

N. B.—Mention The Bee

STRATEGICAL USES OF TAIL.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or an owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quayle. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quayles in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise.

"They live on Hawk-ave., Eagleville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arcenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives when sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman sniffs a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some $400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about $150,000,000; next comes the United States with about $95,000,000; Australia ranks third with some $85,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suds. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have have been used in a city.

Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it is verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Relic.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt ciborium, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for $30,000.

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away with Toll Gates and Brought About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old Association Which Caused the Abolishment of the Turnpike Companies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not been, it is said, a crime of mob violence committed in this State, in Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the Southern States or in any of the Middle Western States in the past several years, with the exception of the occasional lynching of a negro by a mob, that has not been shouldered on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an organized body back in 1900, when the State Legislature passed a law doing away with private ownership of State roads. For months the turnpike corporations refused to obey the State laws. They appealed to the State Supreme Court, then to the Court of Appeals, and lastly to the United States Supreme Court, and on each appeal they would get a stay, which made it possible for them to continue running their toll gates and charging two cents a mile for every horse or vehicle that passed over their property.

Because of the law's delay the condition of the roads became impassible. The owners of the turnpikes would not expend one cent for improvements as long as there was question of their losing their property by a final court decision, but they did not cease to mulct travellers. All this while they refused to accept the fair price offered by the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders were organized. The organization spread from Shelby County to every part of the State, and one night in the late fall men rode from their homes and began burning toll gates. There is no record of a toll gate keeper being injured unless he showed resistance. Then he was taken from the house, and if he continued to be defiant he was flogged. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the toll gate keeper was glad to give up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought the turnpike corporations to terms. There was not a toll gate left standing in the State of Kentucky by the following spring. Had the taxpayers and farmers been contented to allow the law to take its never ending course the chances are that toll gates would still be holding up travellers on the State roads to-day, and that the roads would have been worse now than they were when the Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are among the best in the United States. There are not millions of dollars of watered stock on which to pay interest, and the State tax has improved them and even made it possible for almost all of them to be sprinkled with oil during the summer season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders in the war against toll gates led to an organization of a similar character when the fight was waged against the American Tobacco Company. But out of this last organization there grew a body of violent men, who live on excitement and thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang up, too, lawless bodies of men in many of the Southern and Middle Western States, who chose to call themselves Night Riders, though the probabilities are that 99 per cent. of the men didn't own so much as a horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of Night Riders could be had the chances are that the names of many men who figured in the operations of the old Ku-Klux gang would be found, and if this list were sifted down it would show that many property-owners and men of prominence had resorted to violence because of their belief that action was their only safeguard against ruin, and that a defiance of law had to be met by a like defiance.

Psyche Knot a Life Saver.

Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and dried her hair, Mary Housner, aged twenty-two, did it up in a Psyche knot and walked out on the front porch. While she leaned against the railing it gave way and she was precipitated backward, head first, ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting on her head. The coiffure broke the impact of her head against the flagstones, but she did not entirely escape injury.

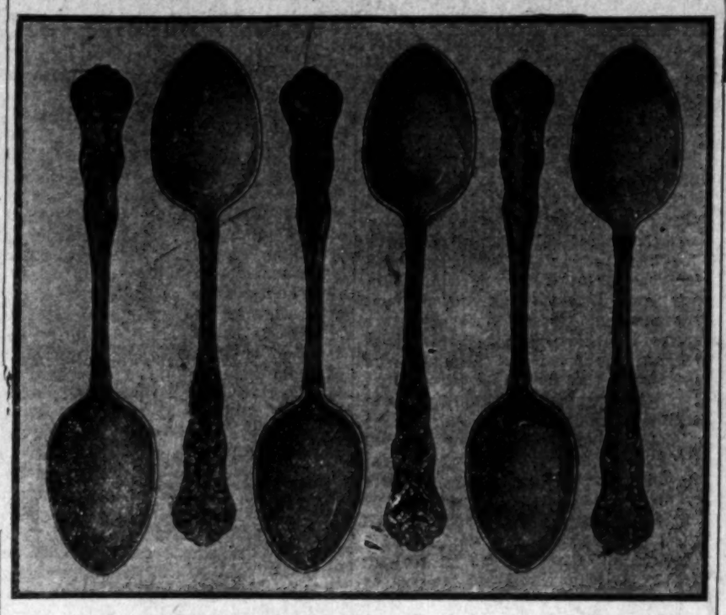
She suffered a slight concussion of the brain, but recovered consciousness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.

Paris, France.—Rochefort seems to be a great town for longevity. Investigation of the records reveals the fact that during the last century from January 1, 1801, to December 31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort attained the age of 90 or over. Two of these were centenarians, one reaching the age of 101, and the other dying at 106.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Spendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed Silver Ware Free to the Washin gton Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal, Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever. Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and Acceptable Premium Ever Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will bring or mail to The Bee office. one new subscription paid one year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.
The Bee Publishing Co.,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00, for which please send me The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free, postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal Spoons, as advertised.

Name .....
Address .....
Name .....
Address .....

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B., Muncie, Indiana.

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MARKET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE FRESHEST.

SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.

OFFICE

WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG STORE,

316 Four-and-a-half Street, S. W. As usual. invites the public to visit his

MAMMOTH STORE

Stocked with everything in the Drug line. Easter offeings in every design. Pure drugs. Presciptions carefully compounded.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG

Firemen in the Metropolis.

There are more firemen killed and injured in the performance of their duties in New York City than in any other city in the world.

Long Lived Swan.

Among the birds the swan lives to be the oldest, in extreme cases reaching 300 years. The falcon has been known to live over 162 years.

The Sawed Off.

Laplanders are the shortest people in Europe, the men averaging 5 feet, 11 inches, the women 4 feet 9 inches.

The Bristol to Paddington (England) express covers 118½ miles in two hours.

Glass telephone poles reinforced by wire are being used in some parts of Germany.

High Priced Peaches.

A commission agent in the Paris fruit markets recently shipped a basket containing 63 selected peaches to London. The price for the lot was $540, or about $9 each.

The Telephone.

If all the Bell telephones made each year were blended into a single instrument it would be nearly 300 miles high and weigh 4,000 tons.

Phonograph in Schools.

In some Viennese schools a phonograph which repeats speeches as recited by eminent actors has been introduced in order to teach the pupils declamation.

The Sailors Tobacco.

Three hundred tons of tobacco are distributed annually among the sailors of the British navy. It is sold to them at cost.

Postal Service in the Desert.

A new monthly postal service across the Sahara has just been established. The messengers are mounted on camels.

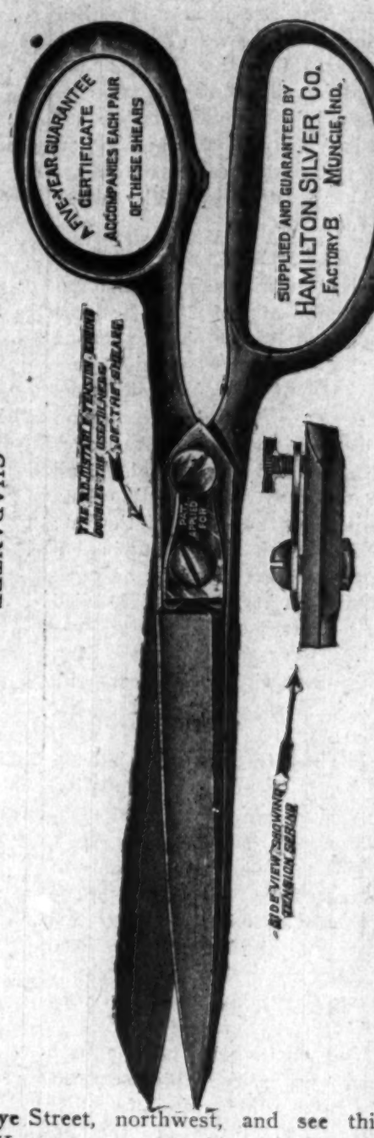
A Big Sawmill.

Louisiana has a steel sawmill with a capacity of 600,000 feet a day, which is said to be the largest in the country.

When terrified the ostrich will travel 25 miles an hour.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to Women

SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS



GUARANTEE

The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears

If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced with a new pair without cost

Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B. Muncie, Indiana.

Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co Can The Best Shears In The World

Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this "Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE

HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them—if you could the Shears would cost you about $1.50.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.
The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,
1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find $2.00 for which please send me for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....
Name ..... Address .....

James H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER

ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE

TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

J H DABNEY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

Hiring, Levery and Sale Stable.

Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street northwest. Main office branch at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727.

Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5.

OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.

Where I can accommodate 50 Horses.

Call and inspect our new and modern stable.

J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.

W. Sidney Pittman Architect

RENDERING IN MONOTONE, WATER COLOR AND PEN & INK

PATENT DRAWINGS DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING BLUE PRINTING

STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.

Phone Main 6059—M Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N W

Wm. Cannon,

1225 3rd, 1227 7th Street, N. W.

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTER OF OLD PURE SIM WHISKE

AWAITED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of B. T. Pratt, Dead from Hunger and Thirst, Found in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I could only find water! I'm suffering terribly from hunger. To-day I ate some green brush, but I can't go any more. I wonder how long it will take to die."

These entries in the notebook of B. T. Pratt, whose body was found on the desert in Inyo county by two prospectors, give pathetic evidence of the suffering the man underwent as he watched the approach of death far from human habitation. The diary also was found by G. W. Lewis and S. E. Shattuck, the prospectors while on a trip through the Argus Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had been dead nearly two months. He was evidently trying to reach the mountains, where he knew he would find food of a sort and water in abundance, but within sight of his refuge he gave out and could go no further. Pratt was sixty years old. The entries in the notebook were scribbled and began only when the man found he was in danger of dying.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I can make Argus," was the entry for August 3, seven days after he had started to cross the desert. "Water gone," told the story of the following day.

For one whole day he went without water or food, but maintained an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed by the following entry for Augut 6:

"Signs of water about half mile ahead. There will be green stuff there too. Will reach it early in the morning." But evidently the desert was playing tricks on him, as it so often does by means of a mirage. Two days later came the two entries quoted first. The last entry reads:—

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county, Cal., July 28. Tom Spratt told me I would perish. I thought I could make it, but got lost, so guess I will have to give in. I have no water, nothing to eat and can't walk. I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Banner Springs, Wyandotte county, Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyoming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and 10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed to be the longest automobile freight and passenger stage line on the continent is in operation between Oroville and Brewster in Okanogan County, Wash., connecting with a steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power cars, which will carry twenty-seven passengers and ten tons of freight, making the run of eighty miles in eight hours. The trip by wagon occupies almost two days. Branch lines will also be established to other points in the Okanogan country. The other line is between Marcus and Kettle Falls in Stevens County, north of Spokane, connecting with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five and thirty horse power, respectively. F. L. Barney has charge of the automobile line, while Capt. Bruce A. Griggs, a veteran river man, will operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bold Cottontails Destroy Crops on California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits are said to be so numerous in the Antelope valley of California that the ranchmen are in despair. The animals are becoming so fierce that they are actually breaking down the fences around the adjacent fields and eating crops down to the roots. Not content with this, they are swarming into the desert towns and invading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancaster turned out recently and made a round-up. They put up a fence across the road between fences surrounding fields on each side and in short time drove in and killed with clubs five hundred jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable combat between a large eagle and a shark was witnessed recently by Captain Henderson and the crew of the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake Bay. When coming out of Occohannock Creek they saw the eagle dive and come to the surface with a shark. Then followed a fierce struggle, the shark pulling the eagle under the water until it was almost exhausted. The fish was finally killed and floated dead on the water.

Members of the steamer's crew put off in a small boat and captured the eagle, although it clawed them repeatedly and its mate, hovering close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting near Grand Marais, Gustav Herbert shot and killed an albino squirrel. It has been presented to James Cairns, of Grand Marais, and will be mounted. Albino deer are occasionally killed in upper Michigan, but this is the first time of which there is record that a white squirrel has been bagged

THE BEE

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BROTHERHOOD OF MAN

No nobler sentiments ever fell from the lips of man than those utterd by Judge Wendell Phillip Stafford, of our District Supreme Court, before the National Conference on the Status of the American Negro, in New York City.

The Bee is indebted to the Boston Massachusetts Advocate for the excerpt that it publishes in this weeks issue of The Bee. All Americans are living under one constitution and under this constitution it cannot be construed that a portion of it applied to the white man and another portion applies to the colored man.

These utterances, by this distinguished jurist are no subterfuges, his decisions and conduct upon the bench are in keeping with his speech before this National Conference. It is true as Judge Stafford says, that the Negro is discriminated against because he is a Negro. This opposition of the Negro and discrimination against him cannot last long. The oppressor will suffer for what he does to the oppressed.

The Bee extends its congratu 'ations and gratitude to Judge Stafford and hopes that he may live to see the fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man, one and inseparable adjuncts to our constitution.

WHY LAMENT

There is a great deal of lamenting among the Negroes of this country on account of the apparent wrong they claim is done to them. Why should the Negro lament? He is strong and robust, he is educated and refined. If it is, as the distinguished jurist said, Judge Stafford, because he is a Negro, why should he lament? If he is abused and declared by those in power to be unconstitutionally unfit for citizenship, why should he lament? If he is burned at the stake and charged with an imaginary crime, why should he lament? That God who rules the destinies of nations says their is a day of retribution. The Negro has been, is, and shall be loyal and faithful to his flag. It is the white man who needs civilization. He is the animal that is committing crimes against God, the government, and the nation. Why then should the Negro lament? Instead of complaining and crying the Negro should show a manly front. Let it be seen, notwithstanding that he is oppressed, that he can be a man.

Why lament?

WHY ABUSE HIM?

Register W. T. Vernon should need no defense from The Bee and neither should others who were brave enough to decline for President Taft and the Roosevelt administration. Some Southern white man now comes forward and asks the President to appoint a white man to succeed Mr. Vernon. If there ever was a man who was loyal and true to the Roosevelt regime, and to President Taft, that man was Register W. T. Vernon. But, why abuse him? What has he done to make himself persona non grata with the administration?

It is said by the politicians, or some few of them, that he is to be succeeded by a gentleman of color from the South whose name The Bee declines to give. While The Bee would regret the removal of Register Vernon, it could not object to the appointment of this Tennessean, because he is worthy of any position in the gift of the administration.

The question is, "Why abuse Vernon?"

MRS. REBECCA SMITH

The Bee with sadness announces the death of Mrs. Rebecca Smith, one of the oldest and one of the best known and highly respected citizens of Washington. She was a faithful wife, a kind and devoted mother,. She leaves two sons and three daughters all grown and doing well. Mrs. Smith was the wife of the late Moses Smith, for a number of years employed in the Government Printing Office. He died some years ago.

The day of her death Mrs. Smith was eighty-one years old, and in possession of all of her faculties.

The Bee extends to the bereaved family its profound sympathy.

A TARGET

The colored public schools of the city have been an eyesore to people who have come to this city more than any other institution i nthe country. Everybody wants to get into them and very few want to defend them.

The teachers are more abused than any other public servants and more sought after than flies after sugar. They are the targets of every new comer and they are the hardest worked individuals of any in our local government.

THE LIBERIAN COMMISSION

Elsewhere in The Bee will be read with interest the report of the Liberian Commission recently sent to the Republic of Liberia by President Taft to investigate the conditions of that country.

Undoubtedly when that commission returns we shall know just what the condition of the black republic is and just what is needed and just what the United States intends to do.

RALPH W. TYLER

In speaking of Negro leadership and Negro manhood, there is no man in the public service more respected and honored for his manhood and liberality than Honorable Ralph W. Tyler, Auditor of the Navy Department. His efforts have always been in the interest of his race. Since his appointment as auditor for the Navy no man has been more faithful to his people.

WHAT THE BEE WOULD LIKE TO SEE

The marriage licenses of Attorneys Pollard and Hughes published.

Attorney Thomas L. Jones given a good place in the Department of Justice.

Assistant United States Attorney Ralph Given given a judgeship.

Attorney F. Peyton smile occasionally.

Attorney E. M. King reduced in size and an increase in his pockets.

Honorable Elmer Dover recognized by the administration.

The teachers show their apreciation by subscribing for six months or a year.

Freedmen's Hospital continue to succeed under Dr. Warfield.

More judges follow in the sentiments of Judge Stafford.

Attorney P. W. Frisby shown leniency.

Attorney W. C. Martin put a board up his back.

IT IS RUMORED

Surprises are coming

Dr. J. E. Sheppard will have one of the greatest industrial schools in the South. A fifty thousand dollar gift is no small amount.

Rev. E. W. Williams and wife will surprise Abbeville.

Attorney A. W. Scott is proud of his boy. He is about to talk.

OBITUARY

On Friday last just after we went to press, the funeral of one of this city's old and highly respected native citizens took place from St. Augustin Catholic Church, it being that of Mrs. Rebecca Smith, widow of Moses Smith. She died Tuesday, June 8, 1909, at 1 p. m., in her home, 460 Massachusetts avenue, northwest, where she had lived for over 60 years continuously, after a long illness from the natural infirmities due to a person over 80 years of age. She was a member of the church from which she was buried, and passed away peacefully in full faith in its doctrines and an abiding belief that she was going from this world to a happier home in Heaven. She was a member of the Tinney Phyllis Wheatley Society, many of whom were present in individual capacity.

The ceremony was observed with mass at 10 o'clock, Rev. Father Olds officiating. He spoke of the life and character of the deceased and held then up to her children and others as a worthy example for those lefft behind her here to follow in the future. Her parents and grandparents were all Catholics, her grandfather being sexton in St. Peter's, where she was christened, and when old enough attended that church.

She moved to the northwest part of the city and was married in St. Matthews Church, but subsequently lived in St. Aloysius' parish and attended there until transferred to St. Martin, now St. Augustine's, of which she died a good member.

She was the mother of twelve children and had them all christened Catholic. It was said of her by those who knew her longest and best that she was generous to a fault, charitable and freehanded unto a self-sacrifice; kindhearted and merciful to the erring. She was always loving to, and beloved by her neighbors, whom she never neglected in the times of their illness and distress.

She was a good housekeeper, a patient and skillful nurse, a seamstress and dressmaker, and she took care that her girls were all taught her own vocations, and she and her husband saw to it that their children, both the girls and boys, wer given opportunity to attend school when education had to be paid for, and to learn trades.

From the expressions of sympathy heard all around it The Bee is sure t hat the family have the deep sympathy of all who know them and that they fully appreciate this tender feeling, and are very grateful for the beautiful floral tributes and letters of condolence they have received.

The pallbearers were Messrs. Samuel Watson, George Proctor, James Foy, Richard Wells, John Dabney and Willis Smith.

The floral expressions of sympathy for the mourners were many and very beautiful, including a pillow "Rest," with sympathy of principal and teachers of Logan School, where Dora teaches; a "Broken Column," with sympathy of Ladies of Library Agr., Department, where Moses works; a "sheaf of wheat," with sympathy of Mrs. Annie Holmes and Mrs. Jane Henderson; a "wreath" with sympathy of Mrs. M. E. Holcombe, a flat boquet, with sympathy of Miss Helen M. Russell, a wreath, with sympathy of Mr. Archie Lewis and Miss Margaret Lewis, a flat boquet, with sympathy of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Dabney, a diamond of Calla lillies, sympathy of Mrs. Ida M. Smith, a pillow, "Mother," from the children.

Those of the bereaved family remaining to mourn their sad loss are the daughters Misses Josephine, Rebecca, Dora and Mrs. Ida M., wife of Arthur; and her sons Messrs. Arthur Moses and William Smith.

The body was interred in Mount Olivet cemetery, Mr. James Dabney being funeral director. May she rest in peace.

WILL SELL

Rev. E. C. Williams, of Abbeville, South Carolina, and his wife, Mrs. E. V. C. Williams, have decided to sell the old buildings and grounds of Williams and Ferguson's Academy, and build out in the country.

FREE!!

With every new subscription for one year in advance, The Bee will give a package of 100 visiting cards free. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer.

HOTEL MACEO.

When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Maceo, 213 West 53rd. Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803, Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop.

SOUTH AMERICAN INVIGORANT

How Coca Is Cultivated—Used as Preventive of Sleep and Fatigue.

Coca is the South American invigorant. The shrub from which the coca leaves are obtained grows under favorable conditions to a height of about four meters. It is cultivatd in Peru and Boliva.

At the time the crop is gathered the seeds are sown in beds, when they germinate and grow, and in two months the growing plants reach a height of about a foot. The leaves, grown in the proper sunlight and shade, are yellowish, small and thick.

This is the kind of leaf that is preferred for chewing by persons using the leaf as a stimulant, fortifier and preventive of sleep and fatigue in the performance of arduous work, inasmuch as they prevent rheumatism, from which miners suffer when working in mines that contain much water. Indians who masticate the leaves of this plant can work twenty-four hours without eating or sleeping.

Coca leaves are used by the natives when engaged in long and fatiguing journeys and by soldiers when subject to hardships and privations. They may be used with all kinds of food and are said to cure dyspepsia, either taken as an infusion in the shape of tea or by masticating the leaves. The life of the plant when perfect is eighty years.

Run By the Tide of the Elbe.

A 14,000-horse power plant operated by tidal energy is to be established on the south bank of the Elbe, near Cuxhaven. This is by far the most ambitious project of this character which has ever been contemplated. Electrical energy is to be delivered to the town named for various commercial purposes, but the greater part of the product of this great power plant is to be made use of by factories which are to be established in the vicinity. Hamburg capital is mostly interested in the scheme.

Weekly Holiday Enforced.

In New Zealand everybody is bound by law to take a weekly half-holiday, and there must be no shirking the obligation. The Grand hotel, Auckland, was recently crowded with guests, and several waiters, instead of obeying the law and taking their prescribed weekly half-holiday, remained at work on the promise of extra pay. But the authorities came to hear of it and the proprietor of the hotel had to appear in court, where he was convicted and punished.

Japanese and Their Prisoners.

The Japanese have a rather kindly way of treating prisoners who have not been convicted. The regulation prison dress is a kind of strawberry-red-colored kimono, but many wear light blue, as a sign that although under suspicion, they have not yet been found guilty. When prisoners in this class have occasion to pass through the public streets curious extinguisher-like baskets are placed upon their heads.

Emeralds.

At the present day most of the emeralds that come into the market are obtained from the famous mines of Muzo, in the Columbian province of Bayaca. These workings are situated on the eastern slope of the Andes, about 70 miles to the northwest of the town of Santa Fe de Bogota. There is another mine, called Lasquez, two days' journey by muleback from Muzo.

Worries of Modern Life.

Nowadays we must not drink spirits nor eat meat; we must not smoke; the air of cities is poisonous, the air of country too strong; the light ruins our eyes and the noise racks our nerves; shaking hands is a means of collecting microbes and kissing is pure suicide. Life is indeed growing dull and difficult.—Madrid Diario.

French Illiteracy.

Although France has had compulsory education for about 25 years, the percentage of illiterates reaches the high figure of 40 per 1,000 men, and 60 per 1,000 women. In this regard Germany appears to great advantage, as she has only four illiterates per 1,000 of population.

Art of Eating.

Eating is not merely an enjoyment; it is a science that must be learnt, as art that must be acquired by intelligent patience. The man who at middle age has not discovered what and how much is suitable for him has not finished his education.

Some Big Cities.

New York has about twice the population of Chicago. The five largest cities on earth are, in the order of their size, London, New York, Paris, Chicago, Berlin. London has about a third more people than New York.

Character by Hat.

It is a strange fact, but a true one, that the kind of a hat a man wears and the way he wears it form a very good criterion of his natural character.

Learn This To-Day.

Most of the things left undone in this world are left undone because the people that could do 'em don't know it.—Tappan Wright.

USE ALCOHOL WITH POLISH.

Housewife Discovers That It Aids in Cleaning Silver.

"It may not be manners to discuss your hostess," said one of the guests after an elaborate luncheon, "but did you ever see such silver? Mine was actually greasy! Such carelessness is disgraceful."

"Silver is hard to keep bright," murmured the woman who hated unkind criticism.

"Nonsense, it isn't, and if it were, that is no excuse. Think how Carolyn's silver shone at her dinner, and she only keeps one maid. I asked her how she did it, and she said it was by mixing her silver polish with alcohol instead of water. You rub it up in the usual way, but the mixture gives a much more brilliant look.

"When she takes it out of the bags, even after weeks stowed away, all she need do is to give must of the pieces a rub or two with a piece of roughed chamois.

"She rinses the parts of the flat silver that go in the mouth with boiling water after using the chamois, as sometimes it gives a queer taste.

"That silver last night could never be cleaned once a week, even much less given a special holiday shine. If the butler was too lazy to see that the silver was polished, at least he should have given it a boil in hot washing soda and water to cut the grease and make it look clean."

APRICOT SOUFFLE IS GOOD.

Easily Put Together After the Puree Has Been Prepared.

Half a pint of apricot puree, half a cupful of cream, three whites of eggs, 1½ tablespoonfuls syrup from the apricots, two heaping tablespoonfuls of sugar, a squeeze of lemon juice, three drops of red coloring. Prepare the puree by rubbing either canned or bottled apricots through a fine sieve. Use a little of the syrup along with the apricots and do not make the puree too thick. Dissolve the gelatine in two tablespoonfuls of the syrup and strain it into the puree. Add the sugar, lemon juice and coloring. Beat the white of the eggs to a stiff froth and whip the cream. Stir these lightly into the apricot mixture, and when beginning to set, pour all into a wetter mold and keep in a cool place until firm. When wanted, turn out on a glass or china dish. This pudding may be made more ornamental by decorating the top of the mold with a little sweet jelly and a few pieces of apricot before pouring in the mixture. Or the apricot mixiure may be set in a ring mold and whipped cream plied in the center when it is turned out.

Newspapers may be used to pad the ironing board just as well as an old blanket or muslin.

Soap well applied to drawer slides will keep the drawers in furniture and closets from sticking.

If you will varnish your linoleum about every three months it will last much longer than without the coats of varnish.

When washing floors or cleaning windows always put a few drops of paraffine in the water and this will keep away flies, moths and other insects.

The skin from a boiled ham will be more easily removed if as soon as being taken from the boiling liquor the ham be plunged into cold water for a moment.

To mend hemstitching cover the space of the worn hemstitching with insertion and stitch both edges on to tray cloth and it will then be as good as new and even prettier.

Hair brushes should be washed, if possible, every day. The best plan is to keep two in use at the same time. Unless a clean brush is used the hair loses the bright, glossy look that it should have.

Cheese may be kept from going moldy by wrapping it in a cloth dipped in vinegar and wrung nearly dry. Cover the cloth with a wrapper of paper and keep in a cool place.

A Cooling Drink.

Among the most refreshing of summer drinks is pineapple lemonade. To the juice of four lemons allow a large pineapple, finely grated, a pound of sugar and a pint of water.

Boil the sugar and water together to a thin syrup, skimming well. Mix the pulp of the pineapple and the lemon juice in a bowl, add the sirup and set on the ice to cool and ripen for several hours.

When ready to serve, pour into the mixture a quart of ice water and pour into tall, thin glasses.

If preferred, a charge water can be used instead of the plain water.

Veal Cups with Macaroni.

If veal or mutton is left over in scant quantities for a meal, boil sufficient macaroni to double the amount and put through the food chopper, using coarse cutter. Season highly with salt, pepper, onion juice and chopped parsley, and to each pint add a well beaten egg and two tablespoons of good gravy. Pack into buttered cups, steam for half an hour, and serve with tomato or brown sauce.

Currant Dessert.

One box of red currants, one box of red raspberries, and two quarts of water boiled to a pulp, then strain, add one small cupful of fine sago, previously soaked in cold water for 15 minutes, boil until clear, sweeten to taste, eat cold with milk or cream.

HOW FALLOWS HEALS

The Bishop's Christian Psychology, What it Is.

NO EDDY SCIENTIST

He Differs from the Followers of Mrs. Eddy in that He Does Not Scorn the Aid of a Regular Physician—In Fact Insists Upon a Doctor's Diagnosis.

Staid orthodox circles in the United States were not a little astounded by the announcement that Bishop Samuel Fallows of the Reformed Episcopal Church had become a rival of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, and set himself up as a "mental healer" of diseases.

Bishop Fallows, however, differs from all other advocates of "mental healing," "faith cures" and the like. He does not scorn the aid of the regular physician. In fact, he insists that all his patients bring a physician's diagnosis with them ,and in all his "treatments" he proposes to have a physician of the recognized school present.

Neither does he call his new cult Christian Science. He designates it as "Christian psychology." He does claim, however, that "Christian psychology" will cure anything that is curable by Christian Science methods, which are, he believes, simply cures by faith on the part of the patient that they will be healed. He declares that this faith cure is practiced by all physicians, and he believes it should be practiced in its highest form by all earnest Christians.

"This is not a new or a sudden fancy of mine," said the Bishop with a whimsical mile. "For twelve years I have been lecturing on physiological psychology at the Bennet Epileptic College. For the last three years I have been making a special study of the relations between mentality and disease.

"I have arrived at the conclusion that mentality when based upon a trust in religion, is a powerful aid toward the cure of all functional nervous disorders.

"I do not go so far as to say that all diseases may be cured by mental suggestion. Organic diseases like cancer and typhoid fever demand the services of a skilled physician. But in every disease the mental attitude of the patient has much to do with his condition, and in all those affections of the mind which might be classified as functional nervous disorders the mental attitude of the patient is the greatest single influence."

The bishop then outlined a few of the diseases which he believed he could cure by Christian Psychology. He included in his list the following.

Hyphochrondria.
Sleeplessness.
Nervous dyspepsia.
Melancholia.
Hysteria.
Drug habits.

Want of self-confidence, irritability, worry, anger, fear, and weakness of will.

"The cure of the grip, I believe," said the Bishop, "can be aided greatly, and perhaps entirely effected by the direct influence of what I may call strengthened mentality. One of the chief factors in the potency of grip is the mental depression into which it forces its victims.

It was last Sunday evening that Bishop Fallows in his sermon announced his purpose to put his belief into practice.

But so great was the confidence of the Bishop that the sick and suffering did not wait for the first Thursday's meeting to receive treatment.

On Tuesday afternoon the Bishop treated his first patient. A janitor named C. P. J. Esnorff could not wait until Thursday afternoon and sought the Bishop in the vestry rooms of the church. He was suffering from a disease of the eye and was anxious for relief. He told the Bishop that medicine had failed to afford him any help.

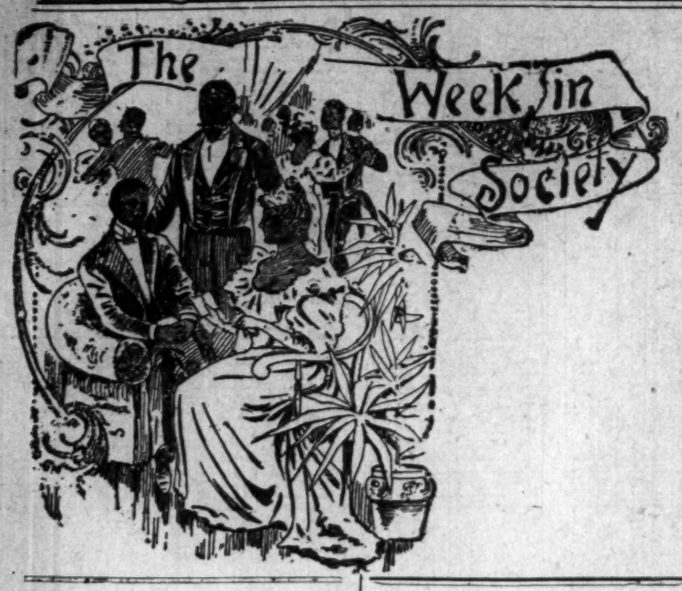
Esnorff sat down and listened while the Bishop told him that he had two minds—the consciuos and the sub-conscious—and how they contained the force that was to drive the stickness out of his eyes.

He then instructed Esnorff and let him go. The patient went away declaring he felt 100 per cent better—that the Bishop's talk had effcted a wonderful improvement.

The Bishop hopes to enlist all the churches in the country in this movement. He explained this purpose in the sermon in which he first made his announcement. He said:

Christian psychology uses every curative agency in the world of nature as an aid to the powerful influences of suggestion and auto-suggestion for mental and physical health. It unites the physician with the clergyman in the great work of healing. It aims to give the physician trained men and women to ahssist him in his ministry to the sick and suffering.

"It is along these lines that the Boston Emmanuel Church movement has been carried on for more than a year by the Rev. Dr. Worcester and the Rev. Dr. McComb. The ablest neurologists of Boston and New England are heartily cooperating with them. The results have been most encouraging.



Rain or shine, it is always ice cream soda weather at the drug store of Board and McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th street, northwest,—the place where everybody meets everybody else.

Full particulars will appear in our advertising columns. River View Park has been selected, but a subsequent excursion will be given either to Somerset Beach or to Washington Park, as the friends and patrons of the church may elect.

Mr. Charles B Fisher, a graduate of the M Street High chool, Class of '08, has returned to Washington after a successful year at the University of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

Rev. W. McHenry Winters, D.D., of Matanzas, Cuba, the evangelist who has been in Washington for the past five weeks, preached an able sermon last Sunday at the Ebenezer Methodist Episcopal Church, before a large congregation. The Doctor will give his famous lecture at the above named church June 28. Subject: "Cuba and Holy Land."

A handsome diamond ring was given away last Monday night at the Third Baptist Church, to Miss Nellie Strother, for selling the largest number of tickets for the lecture on Cuba and Holy Land.

The regular annual excursion of the congregation and friends of St. Luke's Church, will take place on Wednesday, July 21st, 1909.

Mr. Walter J Singleton and family, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. M. J. Green, and family, have removed from 2102 Ward Place to 1814 13th street, northwest.

Physician and patient are satisfied when their prescriptions are filled at the Board and McGuire Pharmacy, on 14th street, between Tea and You.

Don't forget the regular annual excursion of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church on July the 21st, 1909. Full particulars hereafter.

Mrs. Helen Johnson Cheek died at her father's resident Wednesday, June 9, 1909. This lady was the duaghter of Henry Johnson, a well known citizen of the District. Funeral services were held at St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church, Saturday, the 12th instant. A large number of friends of the family and the deceased attended the services. Interment in Harmony cemetery.

MEMORIAL UNVEILED AT WOODLAWN

The Church Aid Society of the Nineteenth Street Baptist Church, of which Rev. Dr. Walter H. Brooks is pastor, last Sunday afternoon unveiled a memorial stone in honor of the poor members of the church who were buried on the spot selected by the society at Woodlawn cemetery. Addresses were made by J. S. Johnson ,W. I. Lee, L. H. Nutt, John C. Dancey and Mrs. Julia M. Layton. George W. Stewart, chairman of the burial site committee, presided. Music was furnished by the choir of the Nineteenth Street Baptist Church.

ANNIVERSARY TO PASTOR

The services at Shiloh Baptist Church last Sunday were in the nature of anniversary services in honor of the present pastor Rev. J. Milton Waldron, who has served the church successfully and acceptably the past two years. Under the direction of Dr. Waldron the alley population of this city has been carefully looked after and administered to. There are existing at the present time eight Sunday schools in the various alleys of the District, under the management and supervision of Shiloh Church.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT

An enjoyable and most successful literary and musical entertainmentwas held last Monday evening at the New Zion Colored Baptist Church, Deanwood. Rev. Charles H. Strother made all the arrangements and much credit is due him for its success.

MRS. WILLIAMS

Mrs. E. V. C. Williams, of Abbeville, South Carolina, addressed the National Benefit Syndicate Committee Wednesday night at the National Benefit building, 609 F Street, northwest. Mrs. Williams is the principal of Ferguson Williams College, Abbeville, South Carolina. She is doing splendid work for the uplift of the race in South Carolina along all lines.

Mrs. E. V. C. Williams, President of the Lawson Woman's Christian Association, South Carolina, addressed the District Woman's Christian Temperance Union, No. 2, at their quarterly meeting, held at Lincoln Congregational Church, Friday night, June the 11th.

Mrs. Parks, the wife of Professor Parks, of Howard Uiversity, also addressed the District Woman's Christian Temperance Union, No. 2. She gave very wholesome advice, calling attention to the condition of the allyes in the city.

NO COLOR LINE IN MONEY

Dr. Booker T. Washigton in his last address in New York said that "dollars draw no color line." The writer of this paragraph thinks the very first step in the onward march of the Negro race is for colored men and colored women to make themselves as presentable as possible and to render themselves physically acceptable in social and business circles. Then they will receive more money for the services they render to the country. More money rightly used is what the race most needs. The Chemical Wonder Company, of New York, makes specialties which help colored men and colored women to improve their appearance. Some colored people, both men and women, are acting as agents for that Company and making good income. The address is Rector Street, New York.

BEE PRINTING COMPANY

All communications for The Bee must be addressed to the Bee Printing Company, 1109 Eye street, northwest.

If you want a package of 100 visiting cards send your subscription for one year for The Bee.

Address, Subscription Department, W. Calvin Chase, Jr., 1109 Eye street, northwest.

THE AGE CORRESPONDENT

Teachers Indignant—No Let Up

A number of the teachers in the public schools have decided to take action against the New York Age, especially those against whom the Age correspondent has been making references and charges by inference, as being immoral and unfit to teach in the schools.

If the Editor of the Age refuses to disclose his correspondent, a warrant for libel will be sworn out against him and will await his arrival in this city, because many know that his removal from New York would be a hard one.

HE DECLINED

After having abused him, Mr. Fred Moore, Editor of the New York, wrote and requested Mr. R. R. Horner to send him his photograph and $2.50; that he (Moore) wanted if for his magazine. Mr. Horner declined.

GREAT DISCOVERY

Rev. F. H. Cook, of Natchez, Mississippi, has found a fluid that will eliminate the boll weevil, without injury to the cotton.

Mrs. Sarah Hood at Sandy Springs, Md., is prepared for summer boarders Moderate rates. Good home.
Address, Sandy Springs, Md.
J194t

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FREE OFFER—ONE HUNDRED VISITING CARDS WITH EVERY ORDER OF TWO DOLLARS OR MORE.

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ColoredSkin MadeLighter

The Chemical Wonder Company of New York manufactures seven Chemical Wonders which enable colored people to improve their appearance. These wonders cost 50 cents each. White people spend millions to beautify themselves. Colored people should make themselves attractive as possible. Colored men who use these wonders secure better situations in banks, clubs and business houses. Colored women occupy higher positions socially and commercially, marry better, get along better.

(1) Complexion Wonder Creme makes dark skin lighter colored, not with artificial white, but naturally; makes the skin itself lighter colored every time it is applied. Keeps the skin healthy, soft, fine. Makes any colored face more attractive. Improves any colorel countenance like magic.

(2) Magneto-metallic comb, called Wonder Comb, can be heated before using and will straighten any hair. Will last a lifetime.

(3) Pomade, called Wonder Uncurl, uncurls kinks in hair and keeps it straight, lustrous and flexible. Wonder Uncurl heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb will make the kinkiest head of hair look handsome.

(4) Wonder Hair Grow. Fertilizers in corn fields makes cornstalks grow, so this fertilizer rubbed into the scalp makes the hair grow longer, strengthens the scalp so it can hold the hair from falling out. It can be heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb.

(5) Odor Wonder Powder instantly destroys perspiration odor. Thousands of men are barred from good salaries because of this unseen horror. Thousands of women are shut off from marriage and social life by this invisible barrier. People cannot detect perspiration odor on themselves. Every living being should use this powder.

(6) Odor Wonder Liquid is delightful as a toilet water; can be used with Odor Wonder Powder or separately. Surrounds the body with fragrance. A great luxury for those who can afford it.

(7) This pink variety of Complexion Wonder Creme No. 2 is called Shell-Pink. Gives lovely pink cheeks to light brown or mulatto colored faces. Light brown complexion with pink cheeks mark great personal beauty.

Information book free. Correspondence free. Please send your address. Agents wanted everywhere. Can start business with $3.00.

Delivery free. Applications for agency considered. M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York City, selling agents for Chemical Wonder Company..

Ross & Mundin, 100 20th Street, Washington, D. C.
Board & McGuire, 14th Street, Washington, D. C.

KnowTheFuture

and write to MME. LOUISA, WEST INDIAN ASTROLOGER, and PHYSIOLOGIST.

Dear Friend:—

My aim and work is to help others in health, strength and success of life, and I can benefit you. For a good business reading, and advice on all important affairs, and questions answered, fee $1.00.

In sending orders please write address and date of birth plainly, and state whether married or single.

1712 Montrose Strreet,
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

WANTED

We have an exceptional proposition to offer a genteel colored man who has extensive acquaintance among departmental and District Government employees. Address Box C, Bee 1109 Eye street, northwest.

FOR RENT

3 rooms, 1 front, 2 back; furnished. Will rent single or in suite. 1224 You street, northwest. Single lady or gentleman preferred.

One good room, with the use of the kitchen for a single lady. Apply on premises, 1460 Q street, northwest, or Thomas Walker, 306 5th street, northwest.

Professional Music Teacher Studio 51 O St., N. W., Flat 2.—Advt.

DR. J. E. SHEPARD'S GOOD WORK

From The Verdict

The race should be proud of the great work which Dr. James E. Shepard has accomplished in securing the necessary $50,000 for the erection of a religious training school for our people at Durham, North Carolina. The ground for the building will in all probability he donated by the public spirited white citizens and merchants of Durham. Dr Shepard will also be remembered for the excellent services which he rendered in connection with the international Sunday school work.

Mr. L. C. Moore, who met with an accident some time ago, is fast improving and will be himself again shortly.

AT ISRAEL

Mr. Miles C. Maxfield, one of the most enterprising missionary workers in the city, delivered an excellent address on Education, at Israel Bethel Church last Sunday afternoon, to a very large audience. His address was full of common sense and historical facts.

By following the method given below you can always have crisp, fresh lettuce and rarely lose a leaf. As soon as it comes from the grocery plunge it into cold water. The pan must be large and deep enough to cover it entirely and give it room to swell. After about six hours wash it off under cold water; wrap it lightly in a damp towel, put it into a fruit basket—I use a grape basket without top or handle—and set it on the shelf of the refrigerator. It will keep for three or four days and be ready for use at once.—Chicago Tribune.

Breakfast Dish.

Take cold roast veal, left from supper, chop fine with one onion; add two tablespoons of cold oatmeal, salt and pepper to taste, roll into little cakes, dip in eggs and cracker crumbs and fry in butter and lard. Serve with gravy.

Read The Bee.

GASKIN'S RESTAURANT

Gaskin's restaurant, 320 8th. street, northwest, formerly Gaskins and Gaines. First Class Services. All the delicacies of the season. Free Lunch from 12to 1 Every Day.

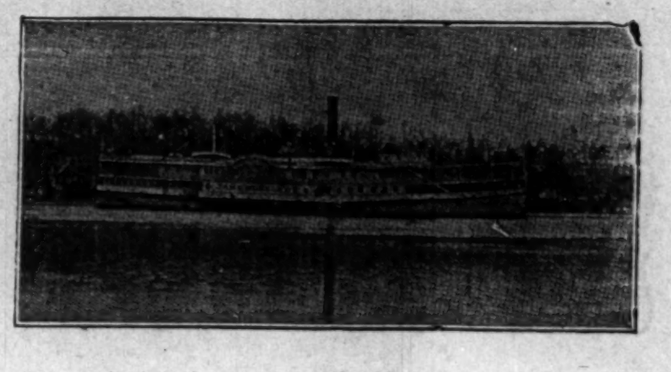
Excursion Season For 1909

Steamer River Queen to Washington Park.

Steamer Jane Moseley to Norfolk, Baltimore, and Landings down the Potomac River.

Books now open for charter on the River Queen and Jane Moseley.

Secure your dates at once, before they are all taken.



WASHINGTON PARK

This beautiful park has a collection of attractions never before offered to the Washinton public. It is located about ten miles from Washington on the Potomac River. The Scenic Railway, with its electric power plant for 7,000 lights—a Figure 8. The Caroussel, double-decker, with music attachments. A 5 and 10-cent Theater. A Penny Arcadium, Moving Pictures, Shooting Gallery. A Dairy Lunch Depot and Buffet. Dancing Pavilion. Pool and Billiard Hall, and forty acres of Shady Woods and Dells.

The River Queen makes daily trips to Washington Park at 10 a. m., 12 m., and 2, 4, 6, and 8 p. m.

For particulars address Lewis Jefferson, General Manager, Seventh and N Streets Wharf.

Columbia Ice Company

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Prompt delivery made to all parts of the city, by telephone or postal card.

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Atlauta, Ga.

Gentlemen:

I wish to say that my hair was only about three inches long and so kinky, stiff and harsh I could not manage it at all, but after using two jars of your Her-tru-line I have as pretty suit of hair as any lady in Atlanta. I wish every onewith curly or kinky hair knew of this wonderful Her-tru line.

Yours respectfully,
Miss Lovie Mayes
Marietta St Atlanta Ga.

Her-Tru-Line

For The Hair

THE GREAT HAIR GROWER

HER-TRU-LINE removes dandruff. Cures all skin and scalp diseases, makes the HAIR soft and glossy and stops it from falling out.

HER-TRU-LINE penetrates to the roots of the HAIR, gives it new life and vigor, causing it to take on a new and rapid growth.

Large jars 50 cents at all drug stores and by our special agents.

Sample box mailed to any address on receipt of five two-cent stamps.

Agents wanted everywhere to sell this wonderful HAIR GROWER.

Southern Medicine Co.

Box 754 Atlanta Ga.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM.

OPEN DAILY FSOM 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.

THIS IS A FIRST-CLASS LUNCH ROOM. EVERYTHING TO APPEASE YOUR APPETITE

COMMODIOUS DINING ROOMS FOR THE PUBLIC AND THE BAR ASSOCIATION. HOT AND COLD LUNCHES QUICKLY SERVED.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM,
MRS. AL TOPER, PROPRIETRESS.

It's not too good to be true—

In this age of exaggeration it may not be strange that those who have never had any actual dealings with us should wonder whether we really give people all the credit privileges our advertising would indicate.

We can only say this to you:

If you need Furniture, Carpets, or anything for home furnishing, come here and let us show you how truly we carry out our credit offer.

The antiquated methods of credit selling have been forgotten here. We ask you for no contract or lease or notes, and require no money at the time you buy. Goods are simply charged on an open account and you own them. Pay us a small amount each week or month.

The proposition is too plain to admit of argument.

Peter Grogan and Sons Company
817-823 Seventh St.

DAYS GONE BY.

(Wenn Grossmutter jung war.)

GAVOTTE.

JAQUES MENDELSOHN, Op. 16, 6.

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Kenyon Coats

Are Ideal for Summer Wear

They are made in four distinct kinds. A coat for every purpose of most attractive appearance and you are always prepared for the frequent summer showers. The styles are adapted from the approved Paris and New York models.

Ask your dealer. If he does not sell them, write to us for style book and samples.

C. Kenyon Company
754-774 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

W. B. Reduso CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduso No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

New W. B. Reduso No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price $3.00.

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Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-reducing" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs., 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Boer Farmer Boys Make Good Shots On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Pietersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-year-old son of Jozef Erasmus, a Boer farmer. It appears that young Erasmus was on his way to the Messina mine and had outspanned his donkey team, when his kaffir boy came running to tell him that three lions were tackling the donkeys. Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard in the direction indicated. On his arrival at the spot he found the lions lying around one of the donkeys. He fired and killed a big lioness. The other two jumped up but he was ready and shot another (younger) lioness. The young lion which was left ran behind some brushwood. Erasmus first collected his donkeys and brought them into safety and then once more carefully approached the scene of the fight. In order to find out if the two lionesses were dead he fired another shot at one of them. This disturbed the surviving lion who thereupon came forth roaring. Erasmus was again ready and shot him dead on the spot. Asked by the Volksstem correspondent whether he was alone at the time, Erasmus replied; "Oh, no, Oom,' I had my little Kaffir boy, with me.'—The skins were sold in Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Poisonous Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head viper, "the most deadly of all know reptiles," brought from Brazil to New York for the purpose of an operation which will give a serum that is practically extinct. There are several singularly interesting snakes in Brazil. The suru cucu is supposed to cause death in six hours. It is sometimes found nine feet long. Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with dark brown lozenges on the back. It is said to be attracted by fire but seldom to injure travellers. The fiercest of the lance-headed vipers is the Jararoca, and it, also, it a dirty yellow, but it is brown-black about the tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Moki Indian women of Arizona have an ingenious and romantic form of coiffure. When young these women coil their tresses at the sides of their heads, so as to represent the buds of a native plant. This signifies that they themselves are in the flush of youth and of marriageable age. When they are married their hair is arranged to represent the fruit of the plant; while in old age their locks hang straggling down their backs, typical of the withered stalk of the dead or dying plant.—

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridegroomes.

The vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Entwisle of Salem shows that during 1907 there were 479 marriage licenses issued and 306 solemnized in the city, which is 18 fewer than the previous year. The oldest brigegroom was 68 and the oldest bride 50, while the youngest bridegroom was 16 and the youngest bride 15. Seventy-one brides were older than the bridegrooms.—Boston Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.

"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan. It is made from the soja bean. The liquid is exactly like cow's milk in appearance, and in taste can hardly be distinguished from it. To make it the beans are first soaked and then boiled in water. Some sugar and phosphate potassium are added, and it is boiled down till it has the consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.

At an auction sale at Christie's in London of the late Marchioness of Conyngham's art collection a silver ewer and dish, weighing together 90 ounces, a gift of George IV to an ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for $21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.

A Massachusetts boy, Nathan Sampson, has found a venerable turtle which bears markings made by his grandfather, now 81 years old, which were put on in 1840, and by his great-grandfather, who marked the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly Mixed.

The story is now going the rounds of the country papers about a man who visited the paying-teller's window in a bank and asked for one of the new coins with "God Bless Our Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.

Bull fighters receive $417 per hour, and the occupation is so healthful that unless killed by accident its followers invariably reach a green old age.

Newspapers in Persia

Persian newspapers are reproduced from handwriting by lithography, no types being used.

Viennas Beggars.

Vienna has 32,000 street beggars, and many of them make a better living than workmen.

It has been estimated that a London fog weighs 2,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost.

BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES $4.80 A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a **cash discount** of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send **FULL CASH WITH ORDER** and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at **OUR** expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it **NOW.**

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

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ONLY 4c. IN STAMPS

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FINEST FRENCH PERFUME

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL

Write at once to our American Offices. Send 4c. and we will mail you a sample of the most exquisite, delightful extract you ever used. Retail price 75c. for a large bottle.

— All Dealers —

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD, DEPT. N ED. PINAUD BLDG., NEW YORK

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show guillible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a $20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharper $500, or at least $250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitations that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignoramus is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money.

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall of an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily swayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swinging frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge coypu rat and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. Along the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma, likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate lagoons, where it may often be observed statuesque on one leg and wrapped in prospection.—Scotsman.

The Gingko Tree.

Studies by Miss M. C. Stopes of the fossil flora of Scotland have shown that the gingko or maidenhair, tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the gingko, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Brora, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaited Skirts.

Plaited Skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for woolen skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run a basting thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plaits. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each pleat can readily be determined, and the pressing done successfully.

Balzac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balzac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balzac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit as they would be of little use to the animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was built to make quill pens, but when they went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK.

MADAM ROBINSON

A Beautiful Hair Dressing and Tonic for the Hair!

Read what Madam Robinson, the Famous Black Patti, Queen of the Opera, says of Kink-ine

PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, Dear Sir:

I have used your Kink-ine for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vaselines on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MME. ROBINSON.

Kink-ine Hair Dressing is a *delightful perfumed* tonic *prepared* largely for the use of *colored people;* is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes *harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky* and *glossy,* enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If yourdruggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c. and I will send same to you, prepaid

FREE OFFER

SPECIAL OFFER.—To prove the quality and superiority of our goods over all others, we will sell one full-size bottle of Kink-ine, price 35 cents, one cake of Kink-ine Soap, the best shampoo and Toilet Soap in the world, price 25 cents, both for only 50 cents, or six bottles and six cakes of soap for $3.00. Special offer good only at the following stores:

Henry Evins, 928 F street northwest. F. A. Tschiffeley, 485 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. William H. Davis 2001 Eleventh street northwest.

R. Ballinger, Prop 343 W 14th St New York City

Go to
HOLMES' HOTEL,
No. 333 Virginia Ave., S.W

Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.

Good Rooms and Lodging, 50c., 75c. and $1.00. Comfortably Heated by Steam. Give us a Call

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More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

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Editor Bee:—
Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

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BUY THE NEW HOME LIGHT RUNNING SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
ORANGE, MASS.

Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made to wear. Our guaranty never runs out.

We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all High-grade family sewing machines

Sold by authorized dealers only.

FOR SALE BY

MADE TO ENTOMB A TARTAR GIRL

Austrian Mason Goes Insane After a Horror Among Caucasus Tribe.

Odessa.—Peter Kavulitch, an Austrian mason, went mad here as the result of brooding over being forced to wall up the daughter of the chieftain of a Tartar tribe in the Caucasus in a living tomb. He was kidnapped in Baku a month ago, taken blindfolded into the mountains, compelled to build the wall around the girl and then was turned loose outside Baku. For a week he led a party of soldiers in a vain attempt to find the girl.

The girl was condemned to death in the tomb because she eloped with one of her father's servants. She was engaged to the son of a wealthy Tartar, and all preparations had been made for the wedding. She was caught with the servant after a two days' chase, and was tried at a family council. It was decided to build a wall around her and leave her to her fate. Kavulitch was kidnapped, and he was taken into the mountains to find the whole tribe drawn up to witness the living burial of the girl.

The man protested against the work, but his life was threatened unless he obeyed. The girl was tied hand and foot to a stake. She implored mercy, but her cries were unheeded. A circle was drawn around her, and the mason was made to follow it with a wall two feet thick. [illegible]'s head, and a small opening was made for air, so that her sufferings might be prolonged. As soon as his work was finished Kavulitch was blindfolded again. He was set at liberty with 100 roubles in his pocket. He came to Odessa and went mad in the street. He was taken to a hospital in a straitjacket.

A LOAF OF BREAD PUT IN TWO COFFINS.

Half Buried with Wife, Husband's Grave Now Contains Other Part.

Brooklyn.—Adolph Raad, who formerly lived at No. 110 Luquer street, was buried in Greenwood Cemetery, the coffin containing one-half of a loaf of rye bread, the other half of which had been buried with Mrs. Raad four years ago. The aged couple were born in Ludenbach, Germany. They purchased a farm in what is now Flatbush, and as the city gradually encroached upon their farm land they cut it up and sold it until they were soon able to retire comfortably.

There is an old German custom of making a wish whenever a fresh loaf of bread is cut. On September 7, 1904, Mrs. Raad had just made the customary wish, and was about to cut a loaf when she dropped dead. The husband cut the loaf and put half in his wife's coffin. The other half was preserved in a tin box, the neighbors having been instructed to put it in his coffin.

ME-LANGE

BEFORE USING. SIX MONTHS AFTER USING.

Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and F streets southwest; A. F. Pride, Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

FRANK E. WHITE M'F'G. CO.,
East Orange, N. J
Box 107,
Goods mailed on receipt of price.

BABEK

The Old Reliable Remedy.

For twenty-five long years—a quarter of a century—there has never been a remedy equal to Elixir Babek for Malaria and such miasmatic diseases. Thousands have used it with most gratifying results. Malaria is prevalent now. Do not wait for it to take hold of you. Begin the use of Babek now. 50c Bottles. Your druggist will tell you that Babek is the best thing he sells

for MALARIA, CHILLS and FEVER

THE WINDOW SILL MIRROR.

Rarely Seen in New York But Plentiful in Philadelphia.

Every once in a while you see one of them in New York but not often. They're commoner in Brooklyn, but are nowhere seen in the profusion that you find them in Philadelphia. Meaning of course, those mirror devices people have on the sills of the second floor windows to give a tip on who is coming up the street or down the street, or more important, who is at the front door. They strike the average observer as rather provincial in idea because he thinks instinctively of the shut in person who's only pleasure is in seeing who's on the street. But they're very helpful in telling when a caller is getting near, so that the woman of the house has time to make a hurried toilet and be calmly waiting in her very best when the visitor comes in. Also they give a chance to sound the note at home warning to the servants.—New York Sun.

Some Valuable Stones.

The Emperor Francis Joseph owns the Florentine, which has an eventful history. To the King of Portugal belongs the Star of the South, valued at £3,000,000; while in the Russian sceptre is the Orloff which once adorned a Brahmin idol, says Home Chat.

Such stones as these are so large that they are practically unsalable. No one person is rich enough to purchase them. Again the expense of cutting is enormous. The Cullinan diamond will require at least £10,000 to be spent on it for this alone. Even then, the gem now 3,024 carats, will weigh some 1,200 carats, while the sections cut away will themselves form valuable stones, ranging from twenty carats downward.

Singing Pigeons

The queer Chinese change pigeons into song-birds by fastening whistles to their breasts. The wind of their flight then causes a wierd and plaintive music that is seldom silenced in the pigeon-haunted cities of Pekin and Canton. The Belgians, great pigeon-flyers, fasten whistles beneath the wings of the valuable racing carriers, asserting that the shrill noise is a sure protection against hawks and other birds of prey. As a similar protection, reeds, emitting an odd wailing sound, are fixed to the tail feathers of the dispatch-bearing pigeons of the German army.

For the Knocker.

A new method by which the audiance at a theatre can show its approval or disapproval of a play without disturbing the performance is being introduced by the Italian dramatist, Traversi. Before leaving the theatre every person is to drop a ticket into one of three boxes marked "good," "indifferent," and "bad."

A Fine Distinction.

While a small boy was fishing one Sunday morning he accidentally lost his foothold and tumbled into the creek. As an old man on the bank was helping him out, he said: "How did you come to fall into the river, my little man?" "I didn't come to fall into the river. I came to fish," replied the boy.—The Argonaut.

The Languages.

According to Mulhall's estimates 130,000,000 persons speak English, and 84,000,000 German. Russian is spoken by upwards of 85,000,000, but these numbers are far exceeded by the 260,000,000 to 400,000,000 Chinese and 140,000,000 or more Hindustani.

Shoo Fly!

You can put a mat in front of every plate but you can't make a fly wipe his feet before he walks on your food. The only safe course with regard to the fly is to exclude him from the house.

A Heavy Penalty.

The London Express mentions the case of a private who for failing to recognize and salute his officer was condemned to march past and salute a barrack pump for two hours each day for a week.

Trade Unions in Germany.

Germany's trades unions number about 2,215,000 members, which is 25 per cent of the total strength of the labor organizations of the civilized world.

Irish Linen.

The linen industry is the greatest manufacturing industry Ireland possesses. There is invested in it something like £15,500,000, and it gives employment to 70,000 people.

Large Apple Tree.

What is reported to be the largest apple tree in the United States is at Southington, Conn. It yields 50 bushels.

Bounties for Rabbits.

Australia in 10 years paid out $5,888,015 in bounties for rabbits at the rate of 25 cents each.

Fish Candles.

The fish candles of Alaska are being sent over the world in quantities as curiosities.

The average woman carries 50 miles of hair on her head.

Worry is one of the most fruitful causes of consumption.

WILL NOT UNITE PHYSICALLY UNFIT

Rev. Dr. H. S. Johnson's Strong Utterances on Subject of Ill-Advised Marriages.

POVERTY MARRIAGES DISAPPROVED

Boston Pastor Discourages Mating on Insufficient Earnings.—Those with Communicable Diseases, Inherited or Acquired, Should Remain Single.

Boston, Mass.—"I will refuse to marry persons afflicted with consumption or any hereditary or communicable disease if I have personal knowledge of such ailments existing, and I am also opposed to marrying divorced people, except in the case of the innocent party," said Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, in this city.

"I do not think it advisable to marry young couples who are in poor circumstances. I believe, through observation and consultation, that a prospective bridegroom should have an earning capacity of at least $15 a week before he should consider the matrimonial venture. This statement, of course, does not apply in all cases, for there are always exceptions, but I think the union of persons in the middle class in this country, who are in poor circumstances, creates nothing but a hell on earth.

"When I made the statement some time ago from the pulpit of my church that I would marry any couple that wanted to get married if they did not have the marriage fee, my remark was a facetious one, made half in jest and half in earnest, but I will gladly perform the ceremony for any unfortunate couple that might have sinned, free of cost, if they apply to me and give evidence of good faith. It is a pitiable sight in a large city to see a young girl carrying a babe on her arm without a husband to show his love, or a father to provide for her and her offspring.

"I was, perhaps, led to make the statement that I would marry all such couples that applied to me through a case that came to me not long ago. Our church is so situated in the heart of the city that practicability is our chief aim. I became interested in a young girl who had sinned, and I appeared in court in her behalf. She was dressed in mourning and carried her babe on her arm. It developed that when her aged mother learned of the sin and disgrace of her daughter, she committed suicide by throwing herself into the river. And that is why I stand ready to help uplift the sinners that are making a struggle to live an upright and honorable life, and our church will assist them in every reasonable manner, such as finding employment for the husband, etc.

"Now as to the marriage of young girls and fellows in meagre circumstances. There has been and is constantly being brought to my attention cases of hasty marriages when neither person is in a financial condition to warrant their marriage. Fifteen dollars a week is little enough to defray the expenses of a home with its furnishings, its doctor's and nurse's bills, the support of children and the mite that should be given to charity by all Christians. Of course, when I place the weekly salary at $15 I refer only to the middle classes, that is Irish-Americans, or those of Anglo-Saxon extraction, and so forth. I don't refer to the lower class of people from Europe who can exist on much less.

"And in regard to persons afflicted with tuberculosis or other diseases of a hereditary nature to which man and woman are subject, it is my belief that a man or woman unfortunate enough to be effected with communicable diseases should be unselfish enough when they are aware of these diseases existing to be content to merely love the man or woman and not ask one to have whole lives blasted. It is a terrible thing to have children born into this world with the taint of disease upon them. Yet there are a great many marriages in this country in the course of the year when one or the other of the contracting persons is a victim of some communicable sexual disease, and is the cause of much misery and the loss to the United States of millions of dollars.

"I will not marry persons whom I know are afflicted thusly, and if there is any suspicion in my mind I will ask them frankly about the matter. A man should be as unselfish and sacrificing in such matters as the soldier or the fireman or the hundreds of other heroes, and it is their duty to humanity as well as to their country that they cast aside all thoughts of marriage when they know they are unfitted to become husbands and fathers.

"I have steadfastly refused to marry divorced persons, unless in the cases of the innocent persons. There are innumerable cases of innocent persons being divorced through no fault of theirs and they should not be compelled to suffer for the sins of the guilty."

QUEER ANCIENT CUSTOMS.

Touching a Suicide's Hand Was Thought a Cure for Sickness.

In former times it was a common notion that, if a sick person, could only touch the hand of a suicide, he or she would be cured.

This superstition was especially sommon in the west of England; in Cornwall, touching a suicide's hand was said to have once cured a young man who had been afflicted with many tumors from his birth. A similar superstittion regarding the touch of executed criminals has been widely prevalent and has often been recorded.

Robert Hunt, in his "Romances of the West of England," says that he once saw a young woman led to the scaffold at Newgate to have a wen touched by the hand of a man who had just been executed.

At Northampton of old the hangman is said to have had a regular fee for according a similar "privilege" to the sufferers from like disorders. Even the coffin of a suicide may have curative value.

There is a Devonshire belief to the effect that, if any one suffering from disease can manage to throw a white handkerchief on such a coffin at the time of its interment, the disease will vanish as the handkerchief decays.

Much superstitious value has been attached to the knots of the ropes used either by a suicide or in the execution of a criminal.

Clean Your Glasses.

You who wear spectacles must understand that you cannot see to advanage through greasy lenses. The common habit is to wipe eye-glasses or spectacles with a silk handkerchief carried in the pocket. The finger tips always exude a delicate oil. This gets on the handkerchief and from the handkerchief goes on to the lenses. Presently there is a smear of grease and people complain of dimness of vision. Drop the handkerchief; get some very fine tissue paper cut into small sections, wipe your glasses with two or three pieces and throw them away.

Shoddy.

Shoddy! The word stands for everything that is mean and contemptible, false, and make-believe. Yet the product known in the world of business as shoddy is one of the most useful inventions of the ninteenth century, and deserves to rank with steam and electricity, anesthetics, the bicycle and other discoveries that have made life worth living, improved our health and lengthened our days.—World's Work.

Newspapers In The U. S.

In 1810, nearly a century ago, these were 359 newspaper in the United States. In 1905 there were 26,422 printing and publishing houses in the country. These represented $385,008,604 of invested capital and turned out products valued at $496,061,137. The growth for the five years since 1900 doubled the growth of the ten years previous.

Right Handed Men.

According to authorities from 85 to 95 per cent of the men in civilized lands are right-handed and have developed the low right shoulder. This, however, is no new phenomenon, for even the ancient Greek sculptors had noticed it and posed their subjects so as to make them appear more symmetrical

Peat as Fuel.

There is a strong organization at work in this country developing the use of peat as fuel. It is now utilizing many acres of swamp lands which are being reclaimed for agricultural purposes. The bi-products of the industry are very promising.

A Prosperous Town.

Waycross, Ga., with a population of 9,000, has no poorhouse, nine out of ten of the white population own their homes and 93 per cent of the children attend school. The saloon license has annually for the last 16 years been fixed at $30,000.

New York City's Banks.

Twenty years ago the fact was made much of that New York City boasted one hundred banks and trust companies. Today, however, the greater city has no fewer than 212 institutions of this character.

Greatest Heat and Cold.

The greatest heat is never found on the equator, but some 10 degress to the north, while more severe cold has been registered in Northern Siberia than has been found near the Pole.

Rolling Stones.

The "Rolling Stones" of Australia placed on a fairly smooth surface, will soon roll together in a group. They contain a magnetic ore.

Taken in Marriage.

Men of talent generally fix upon ignorant and stupidish women for their wives; while stupid men almost invariably alight upon clever women.

English Predominates.

Two-thirds of all the letters which pass through the postoffices of the world are written by and sent to people who speak English.

Taking into consideration the proportionate weight, the wing of a bird is twenty times stronger than the arm of a man.

THE MARINER'S COMPASS

Influences That Draw it From Its Allegiance to the Magnetic Pole.

Nothing in the navigation equipment of a ship has been the subject of more anxious scientific research or receives more jealous care than the mariner's compass.

The popular notion of the compass needle always pointing north and south is—well, more inaccurate than even popular notions usually are. No more unfavorable position could be found for a compass than on board of a modern steamship, which is a complicated mass of steel, all tending to draw the compass needle from its allegiance to the magnetic pole of the earth, warring influences which must needs be counteracted by all sorts of devices which hedge round the instrument by an invisible wall of conflicting currents of magnetism.

And as if this were not enough, there are now huge dyamos to be reckoned with, producing electric currents for all sorts of purposes on board. In the midst of these mystic currents the poor little compass needle, upon which the mariner depends for his guide across the trackless deep, hangs suspended like one shrinking saint surrounded by legions of devils.—Windsor Magazine.

The Speed of Steamships.

The immense advances recently made in the power and speed of transatlantic steamships have not yet, in the opinion of Mr. J. J. O'Neil, a Scotch engineer, been carried to the limit. Addressing the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders in Scotland, Mr. O'Neil said that the lengths of the present liners warrant the belief that greater power can be obtained with the same dimensions, the present speeds with shorter lengths. Investigation shows that the variations of form involve relatively small gains, and Mr. O'Neil thinks that if the same attention had been devoted to the development of of the screw propeller that has been given to the form of vessels greater advantages would have been secured. —Youth's Companion.

A Club for Dandy Dogs.

There has just been opened in one of London's fashionable streets a toilet club for dogs. Here the pets of the smart set can have their hair dressed and their coats trimmed to immaculate perfection. For three shillings they can be bathed. If their teeth are imperfect they can be st opped or extracted, and if their claws protrude too far they can be daintily manicured. Thus groomed according to the Mayfair mode, their coats put on, and their goggles attached, these exquisite creatures are taken for their afternoon ride.—London Tit-Bits.

Long Terms in Supreme Court.

Few members of the Supreme Court have exceeded the time Justice Harlan has served—thirty years. Justice Field served about thirty-five years, Chief Justice Marshall about thirty-four and a half years, Justice Bushford Washington, thirty-one years, and Justice John McLean, thirty-two years.

Wise Horses.

A writer in the London Daily News, giving some experience during dense fogs, says he was once in a 'bus which stopped suddenly on Waterloo Bridge in a fog. The driver urged the horses to move, but they would not, and when the conductor went to investigate, he found them looking over the parapet.

Silence the Healer.

The value of silence as a factor in healing cannot be over estimated, and, apart from consideration of health, it is a well-known truism that the one who talks the least usually accomplishes the most.—Health Record.

Automatic Cornet.

The increasing popularity of the self-playing piano has induced inventors to extend this style of music to other instruments. The most recent is an automatic sheet music cornet, patented by a Chicago man. Like the piano, the music is on a perforated roll.

An Ancient Industry.

The industry of flint-making still thrives in Brandon, England. The flints are sent to Africa and other countries where the guns of 100 years ago are still in active service.

Progressive Chinese.

The Chinese are getting interested in the method of raising water by means of windmills for irrigating purposes.

Hottentot Women.

Among the Hottentots women hold a better position than they do anywhere else in Africa. The married woman reigns supreme mistress.

Tact.

Tact is a wonderful invention. A man without tact is like an engine without oil.

The Nile contains a greater variety of fish than any other body of water.

Celluloid is a plastic material composed of guncotton and camphor.

The average length of life of the Icelander is a little over 61 years.

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King Alfonso's Table Wine.
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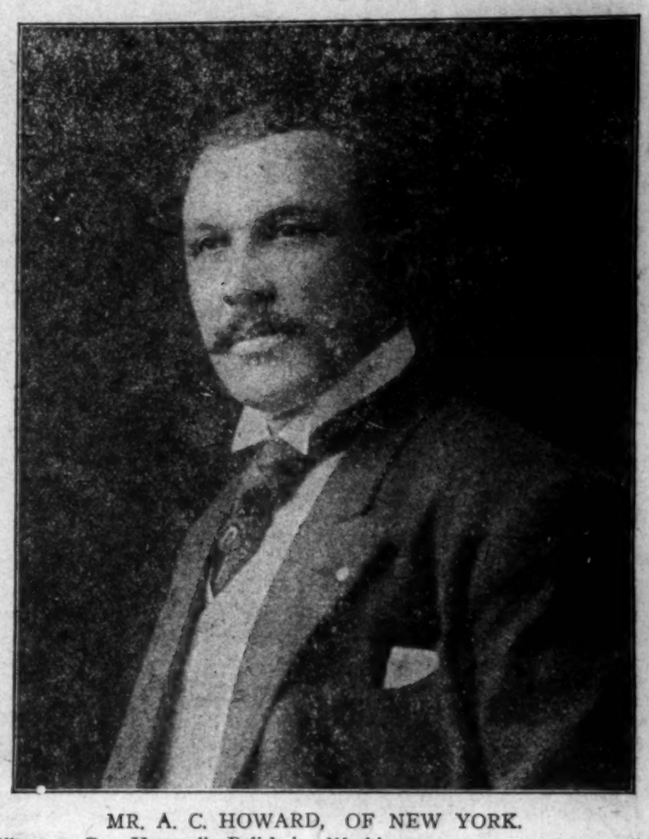

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J. W. Morse, 1904 L street, northwest.
George Murray, 201 D street, southwets.
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